

High-Income Taxpayers

2016



CS Accounting

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High-Income Taxpayers

In addition to being subject to higher federal tax rates, taxpayers whose income exceeds certain levels have tax deductions and credits that are reduced or eliminated.

The provisions listed may have additional qualifications and restrictions. Other provisions of the tax code, such as fringe benefit limitations and taxation on the sale of a principal residence, may further restrict a taxpayer's ability to take deductions or cause the taxpayer to pay additional tax. Ask your tax professional for more details.

Capital Gain Tax Rates

Long-Term Capital Gain Maximum Tax Rates			
For taxpayers with ordinary			
tax rate of:	2008 to 2012	2013 and After	
Top rate (39.6% after 2012)	15%	20%	
25% to rate below top rate	15%	15%	
10% or 15%			
Qualified Dividend Income Tax Rates			
For taxpayers with ordinary			
tax rate of:	2008 to 2012	2013 and After	
Top rate (39.6% after 2012)	15%	20%	
25% to rate below top rate	15%	15%	
10% or 15%			
2015 Itemized Deduction Phaseout			

Itemized deductions begin to phase out when modified AGI reaches: MFJ, QW.....\$309,900 HOH.....\$284,050

2015 Personal Exemptions				
The personal exemption per person is\$4,000				
Personal e	xemptions phase out with the	following AGI amounts:		
AGI Beginning of Phaseout AGI Completed Phaseou				
MFJ and Q	W\$309,900	\$432,400		
H0H	\$284,050	\$406,550		
Single	\$258,250	\$380,750		
MFS	\$154,950	\$216,200		

Reduced IRA Deduction

Phaseout Based on Modified AGI (MAGI)

If an individual is an active participant in an employersponsored pension plan, the deduction for an IRA contribution is phased out when MAGI is between the following.

Tax Year	MFJ	Single, HOH	MFS
2015	.\$98,000 to \$118,000.	\$61,000 to \$71,000	\$0 to \$10,000
2014	. \$96,000 to \$116,000.	\$60,000 to \$70,000	\$0 to \$10,000

If the individual is not an active participant, but the spouse is, the non-active participant's deduction is phased out when modified AGI is between the following.

Tax Year	MFJ	MFS
2015	\$183,000 to \$193,000	\$0 to \$10,000
2014	\$181,000 to \$191,000	\$0 to \$10,000

Roth IRAs

Roth IRA Individual Contribution Limits		
	2015	2014
Under age 50	\$5,500	\$5,500
Age 50 or older	\$6,500	\$6,500



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	Roth IRA Phaseouts	
	2015	2014
MFJ or QW	\$183,000 to \$193,000	\$181,000 to \$191,000
Single, HOH, or MFS*	\$116,000 to \$131,000	\$114,000 to \$129,000
MFS	\$0 to \$10,000	\$0 to \$10,000
*MFS and did not live with spouse during the year.		

Retirement Savings Contribution Credit (Saver's Credit)

2015 Retirement Savings Contribution Credit Percentage			
Rate	MFJ	нон	Single, QW, MFS
50%	\$0 – \$36,500	\$0 – \$27,375	\$0 - \$18,250
20%	\$36,501 – \$39,500	\$27,376 – \$29,625	\$18,251 – \$19,750
10%	\$39,501 – \$61,000	\$29,626 – \$45,750	\$19,751 – \$30,500
0%	Over \$61,000	Over \$45,750	Over \$30,500
*Up to a maximum credit of \$1,000.			

Child Tax Credit

AGI phaseout. The credit (up to \$1,000 per qualifying child) is reduced by \$50 for each \$1,000 of modified AGI above:

- \$110,000 Married Filing Jointly.
- \$75,000 Single, Head of Household, or Qualifying Widow(er).
- \$55,000 Married Filing Separately.

Adoption Expenses

2015 maximum credit	\$13,400
2015 maximum exclusion	
AGI phaseout	\$201,010 – \$241,010
Unused credit carryforward	

Medicare Provisions of the Affordable Care Act

Increased Medicare Tax on Earned Income

The employee portion of the hospital insurance (Medicare) tax is increased by an additional tax of 0.9% on wages received in excess of the threshold amount. However, unlike the general 1.45% hospital insurance (Medicare)

This brochure contains general information for taxpayers and should not be relied upon as the only source of authority.

Taxpayers should seek professional tax advice for more information.

Copyright © 2015 Tax Materials, Inc. All Rights Reserved tax on wages, this additional tax is on the combined wages of the employee and the employee's spouse, in the case of a joint return.

Medicare Tax on Unearned Income

Individuals. The tax is 3.8% of the lesser of net investment income or the excess of modified adjusted gross income over the threshold amount.

Threshold Amount		
Joint return or surviving spouse	\$250,000	
Married individual filing separately\$125,00		
All other tax filers	\$200,000	

2015 Education Benefits Comparison Chart				
	Benefit	Annual Limit	Modified AGI Phaseout	
American Opportunity/ Hope Credit	40% of the credit may be refundable (limited to \$1,000).	\$2,500 credit per student.	\$80,000 - \$90,000 \$160,000 - \$180,000 (MFJ)	
Lifetime Learning Credit	Tax credit (non- refundable).	\$2,000 credit per tax return.	\$55,000 - \$65,000 \$110,000 - \$130,000 (MFJ)	
Tuition and Fees Deduction	Above-the-line tax deduction.	\$4,000 deduction.	\$65,000 – \$80,000 \$130,000 – \$160,000 (MFJ)	
Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA)	Tax-free earnings.	\$2,000 contribution per beneficiary.	\$95,000 – \$110,000 \$190,000 – \$220,000 (MFJ)	
U.S. Savings Bond Interest Exclusion	Tax-free interest.	Amount of qualified education expenses.	\$77,200 - \$92,200 \$115,750 - \$145,750 (MFJ)	
Student Loan Interest Deduction	Above-the-line tax deduction.	\$2,500 deduction.	\$65,000 – \$80,000 \$130,000 – \$160,000 (MFJ)	

Contact Us

There are many events that occur during the year that can affect your tax situation. Preparation of your tax return involves summarizing transactions and events that occurred during the prior year. In most situations, treatment is firmly established at the time the transaction occurs. However, negative tax effects can be avoided by proper planning. Please contact us in advance if you have questions about the tax effects of a transaction or event, including the following:

- Pension or IRA distributions.
- Significant change in income or deductions.
- Job change.
- Marriage.
- Attainment of age 59½ or 70½.
- Sale or purchase of a business.
- Sale or purchase of a residence or other real estate.
- · Retirement.
- Notice from IRS or other revenue department.
- Divorce or separation.
- Self-employment.
- Charitable contributions of property in excess of \$5,000.